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Social Vision welcomes research papers, review articles, best practices, social issues, research notes and book reviews on topics which broadly come under the purview of Social Sciences, humanities and Management. The articles are also invited from science, engineering and medicine disciplines where the articles are related to social vision and society development.

Guidelines for Authors: The length of the article may not exceed 3500 words. The margins should be kept 1.5 on the left side and 1 on the other three sides. Times New Roman font 12 size and 1.5 space between the lines should be used. An abstract not exceeding 200 words and 4-5 key words should be accompany the articles. Keep all the references at last page of the article. Articles may be submitted by an e-mail indiasocialvision@gmail.com attachments processed on MS-Word for Windows; there is no need for submitting hard copies of the article. Each author should be submitted declaration form after acceptance of the article.

Every article will be reviewed by a masked peer review by two referees. The criteria used for acceptance of articles are contemporary relevance, contribution to knowledge, clear and logical analysis, fairly good English and sound methodology of research articles. The Editor reserves the right to reject any manuscript as unsuitable in topic, style or form without requesting external review.

Last date for submission of articles for next coming issues

1st January 2016 for Jan - March issue

1st April 2016 for April - June issue

1st July 2016 for July - Sep issue

1st October 2016 for Oct - Dec issue

The Editor
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India's Role in IMF: Economic Security and Contemporary Challenges

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ABSTRACT

India, world's largest democracy with over 700 million voters, equivalent to the combined strength of USA, Russia, Brazil and Japan, presents a unique example for IMF. With such a gigantic economic management policies and implementations, India remains a source of inspiration for several global financial institutions despite internal contradictions. India has been associated with IMF since the inception of Bretton Woods international conference organised some 70 years back. Among first signatories, profounder & active member in various economic forums, India continues to play an important role in various decision making activities. Large number of projects and services like valuation of Rupees, measurement of standard Gold and infrastructural projects, India's economic policy have been benefitted from IMF.

The findings of the paper are based on as how mutually beneficial domestic economy can be collaborated with global currencies, gold valuation and balanced economic payment. It is high time where India can review economic dependence on external donors by promoting neo-liberal agenda and needs to have multiple 'equilibrium points' with IMF. Despite odds and challenges, India has maintained peaceful bilateral ties with the officials of IMF who have leadership qualities and powerful bargaining diplomacy. Sensible critiques have suggested to for 'IMF-India Economic Model' as the best alternative.

Keywords: *India, IMF, Currency, Gold, Globalization, Development*

Background

International Monetary Fund (IMF) is a voluntary agency to ensure equitable international buying and selling of currency. Its' members contribute operating funds and receive voting rights according to the volumes of international trade, national income and reserves the rights of holdings. IMF also coordinates with international currency exchange, balance of international payments and national accounts, and continues to remain pillar of global financial management. It was created in July 1944